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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/523,802	02/09/2005	Mathias Locher	42804-212835	6177
²⁶⁶⁹⁴ VENABLE LI	7590 10/04/2007	•	EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 34385			BROOKS, KRISTIE LATRICE	
WASHINGTON, DC 20043-9998			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1616	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/04/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/523,802	LOCHER ET AL
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
•	Kristie L. Brooks	1616
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Ja 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1,5-13,16 and 17 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,5-13,16 and 17 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Set tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	es have been received. Es have been received in Application of the second in the secon	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Application

- 1. Claims 1, 5-13 and 16-17 are pending.
- 2. New grounds of rejections necessitated by Applicants amendments.

Withdrawn Rejections/Objections

- 3. The disclosure was objected for the use of the trademark AVICEL® in this application. Applicant has amended the specification to identify the trademark. The amendment is found persuasive and the Examiner has withdrawn the objection.
- 5. Claims 14-15 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 14-15 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101.

Applicant has cancelled claims 14-15. The amendment is found persuasive and the Examiner has withdrawn the rejection.

6. Claims 1-4,6-8, and 10-15 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Barsig (US Pub No. 2003/00992706). Applicant has amended the

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claim to recite "loteprednol or pharmaceutically acceptable ester thereof and N-(3,5-dicholopyridin-4-yl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-5-hydroxy-1H-indol-3-yl]-2-oxoacetamide". The amendment does not read on the prior art and the Examiner has withdrawn the rejection.

7. Claims 1, 3, 5-6, 8 and 9 were rejected under 35 USC § 102(b) as being anticipated by Keller et al. Applicant has amended the claim to recite "loteprednol or pharmaceutically acceptable ester thereof and N-(3,5-dicholopyridin-4-yl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-5-hydroxy-1H-indol-3-yl]-2-oxoacetamide". The amendment does not read on the prior art and the Examiner has withdrawn the rejection.

New Grounds of Rejections Necessitated by Amendments Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

9. Claim 1, 5-13 and 16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barsig (US Pub No. 2003/00992706) in view of Joensuu (US Pub No. 2006/0264443).

Applicant claims a composition comprising loteprednol or pharmaceutically acceptable ester thereof and N-(3,5-dicholopyridin-4-yl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-5-hydroxy-1H-indol-3-yl]-2-oxoacetamide.

Determination of the scope and content of the prior art (MPEP 2141.01)

Barsig teaches the combined administration of a PDE4 or PDE3/4 inhibitors, such as N-(3,5-dicholopyridin-4-yl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-5-hydroxy-1H-indol-3-yl]-2-oxoacetamide also known as AWD-12-281, roflumilast, cilomilast, and disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs) such as budesonide and mometasone furoate for the treatment of diseases including rheumatoid arthritis, acute and chronic airway disorders of various origins (allergic bronchitis, bronchial asthma, emphysema, COPD), adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), dermatoses (especially of proliferative, inflammatory and allergic type), for example (see the entire article, especially the abstract, page 1 paragraph [001],[0017]-[0018]; page 2 paragraph [0019]-[0022]; page 3 paragraph [0030]-[0032]; page 4 paragraph [0033]; page 6 paragraph [0050]-0051]). The combined

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administration includes simultaneous, sequential or separate administration of the PDE4 or PDE3/4 inhibitor on the one hand and the DMARD on the other hand, where the medicaments containing the PDE inhibitor and the DMARD are employed in the form of tablets, capsules, patches, suppositories, suspensions or solutions either together or separately and can be formulated with various excipients or vehicles suitable for desired pharmaceutical formulations (see the entire article, especially page 6 paragraph [0050-0053]; page 7 paragraph [0054]). The combined use (i.e. simultaneous, sequential or separate administration) of the PDE4 or PDE3/4 inhibitor and a DMARD may also include a medicament pack containing both the PDE4 or PDE3/4 inhibitor and a DMARD as discrete separate dosage forms and instructions for the simultaneous, sequential or separate administration of both discrete separate dosage forms (see the entire article, especially paragraph [0017]-[0020] and claims 1-6). Thus,

Joensuu teach the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis by administering the combination of a compound of formula I with one or more disease modifying arthritis rheumatoid drugs (DMARDs). Examples of anti-rheumatoid arthritis drug (DMARD) can be an anti-inflammatory steroidal drug such as loteprednol etabonate.

the claims are readily envisioned by the composition taught by the reference.

Ascertainment of the difference between the prior art and the claims
(MPEP 2141.02)

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Barsig does not teach the use loteprednol or a pharmaceutically acceptable ester as claimed by Applicant.

Finding of prima facie obviousness Rational and Motivation (MPEP 2142-2143)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made to use loteprednol or a pharmaceutically acceptable ester

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because Barsig teaches the combined administration of a PDE4 or PDE3/4 inhibitors, such as N-(3,5-dicholopyridin-4-yl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-5-hydroxy-1H-indol-3-yl]-2-oxoacetamide also known as AWD-12-281 with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs). Although Barsig does not teach specifically teach the use of loteprednol etabonate, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because loteprednol etabonate is a disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs) used in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis as suggested by Joensuu. Thus, it is an obvious variation of DMARDs that can be used in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis. Therefore, the claimed invention would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made because the prior art is fairly suggestive of the claimed invention.

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Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kristie L. Brooks whose telephone number is (571) 272-9072. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30am-6:00pm Est..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann R. Richter can be reached on (571) 272-0646.

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The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ΚB

Sharmila Landau

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